Charity Registration No. SC042430 (Scotland)

SCOTTISH COMMUNITY ALLIANCE SCIO ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and Activities

The Scottish Community Alliance seeks to achieve three key outcomes :

- 1. Scotland's community sector, as represented by the national community based networks that comprise SCA's membership, will be more actively engaged both individually and collectively in Scottish Government policy and related strategies.
- The role and contribution of the community sector, and in particular that of Scotland's many community anchor organisations, in delivering greater fairness and equality across Scotland will become more widely understood and accepted at all levels of national and local government and across the wider 3rd sector.
- 1. SCA will grow levels of mutual trust and understanding between Scotland's leading community-based networks, and create opportunities for deeper collaboration and cross-sector synergies to evolve so that their individual and collective contributions can be maximised.

This report is structured to reflect the main activities that SCA undertook over the past year in pursuit of each outcome. (more details of this work can be found in the Annual Report submitted to Scottish Government)

Outcome 1. Scotland's community sector, as represented by the national community based networks that comprise SCA's membership, will be more actively engaged both individually and collectively in Scottish Government policy and related strategies.

- SCA has continued to participate in a number of short life working groups and ad hoc strategic groups which are established by the Scottish Government to further key areas of policy.
- SCA members met with a variety of stakeholders including MSPs and Ministers to share a range of their perspectives on the emerging policy areas Community Wealth Building, Land Reform, Local Governance Review, Community Empowerment, Good Food Nation.
- Engaged with the UK Govt Department for Levelling Up to provide overview of Scotland's community sector and encourage better integration of funding across UK and Scottish Governments.
- Developed briefing papers on a range of Scottish Government consultations to enable member networks either to consider their own separate submissions to the SG consultation or to support their contribution to a collective SCA submission.
- Commissioned a scoping paper to make the case for reform of Scotland's Common Good. The intention was to raise awareness of the evidence and to develop support for a broad campaign across the communities to lobby for reform and new legislation. (currently shelved until resources can be allocated)

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Outcome 2. The role and contribution of the community sector, and in particular that of Scotland's many community anchor organisations, in delivering greater fairness and equality across Scotland will become more widely understood and accepted at all levels of national and local government and across the wider 3rd sector.

- Publication, on a fortnightly basis, ofLocal People Leading a commentary on policy and practice across Scotland's community sector. Circulation c 5,000. Primary social media platform for SCA is Twitter now, with 4750 followers.
- Engagement with a range of third sector stakeholders to build greater levels of understanding and collaboration with SCA and relevant member networks. Specifically, the Environmental Rights Centre Scotland - linking to advocacy and legal advice service and supporting the emergence of a new community led network of environmental justice campaign groups, Culture Counts - building mutual understanding of the respective policy contexts, TSI Network Scotland, Third Sector Net Zero Steering Group (developing a tool to support wider third sector climate awareness and SCVO's policy team on a range of issues (FOI reform, fair funding).
- Joined the Board of Stop Climate Chaos Scotland to form a bridge between the main environmental NGOs and the wider community sector.

Outcome 3. SCA will grow levels of mutual trust and understanding between Scotland's leading community-based networks, and create opportunities for deeper collaboration and cross-sector synergies to evolve so that their individual and collective contributions can be maximised.

- Having sought funding from a private charitable trust, SCA has created a second post Partnerships Manager to support a wide range of more effective collaboration and partnership work, both within and across the SCA membership but also between SCA members and wider stakeholders such as TSIs.
- Convening quarterly meeting of the full SCA membership with agendas that addressed a broad range of concerns which have been identified as relevant to SCA's membership.
- Ad hoc short life working groups reflecting specific areas of shared interest ie the preparatory work for the consultation responses mentioned above.
- Coordinating a programme of peer learning and knowledge sharing through the Community Learning Exchange for member groups and networks.
- In addition to the quarterly meetings of SCA trustees, an annual forward planning day is held. This is an in person event to which all SCA's members and key stakeholders, funders are invited to participate.
- With Scottish Government Resilience Funding, SCA supported a range of innovative approaches by networks in relation to the disbursement of micro grants into their respective memberships with minimum prescription and maximum flexibility.
- Further development of a collaboration between three networks using Pockets and Prospects funding Community Wel; lbeing Exchange which is now in negotiation with one local authority and one TSI for further external funding and consequent expansion of this collaboration.
- Supporting Scottish Rural Action to engage across the SCA's member networks to 'curate' the programme of the Scottish Rural Parliament due to be held later in 2023.
- Working with geo-spatial mapping platforms and University of Birmingham, develop a proposal to pilot a coordinated mapping exercise that initially draws data from three member networks onto a new common platform. The initial focus for the mapping activity is community climate action as part of the Scottish Government's climate action hubs programme
- An application has been submitted to the Scottish Parliament Corporate Body to hold a major event in the Scottish Parliament in early 2024/25. This event falls 10 years since the Future is Local event was held and would generate significant interest and engagement nationally.
- Three networks, two of which are newly formed, have been supported and subsequently applied for membership of SCA. Scottish Community Tourism (SCOTO), The Beacon (community newspapers), CEMVO (Ethnic Minority Vol Orgs).

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Financial review

An overall surplus of £47,593 arose during the year (2022: £44,463). The total reserves are £237,515 (2022: £189,922) with £92,621 (2022: £81,057) of the reserves relating to restricted reserves and £144,894 (2022: £108,865) relating to unrestricted reserves.

Scottish Government provides a core grant from the Third Sector Division on an annual basis which covers its core costs and enables some work to be commissioned in policy areas of interest to its members. The single source of funds (Scottish Government) for the Alliance leaves it vulnerable should Government funding priorities change.

Current resources of SCA come from two main sources : Scottish Government and a charitable trust Acorns 2 Trees.

These funds are allocated as follows:

- I x fte Director, I x fte Partnerships Manager
- 0.2 x fte admin/research worker (outsourced)
- An office based in Edinburgh and other administrative and operational expenses.
- Policy Fund. This fund is used to commission specific pieces of work to influence the shape and direction of Scottish Government policy as it impacts across the range of SCA member interests. The funds are both to promote the development of cross-sector strategic thinking and to encourage and facilitate the appropriate policy links between SCA members and the Scottish Government.
- Community Learning Exchange and Pockets and Pockets and Prospects two programmes operated on behalf of SCA's member networks for the benefit of their member organisations

A three year grant from Acorns 2 Trees was secured at £50k pa to cover the cost of the Partnership Manager's salary. Due to the appointment being delayed, a proportion of the grant for 2022/23 remains unspent and will be carried forward into 2023/24. (approximately £20k).

Reserves policy and going concern

The charity has considered the level of reserves required and have taken into account their current and future liabilities. The trustees have calculated how much would be required in terms of free reserves in unrestricted funds in the event of losing SCA's core funding and a subsequent decision to cease operations. In these circumstances the trustees consider a level of free reserves that equates to six months of unrestricted charitable expenditure will be required.

As a minimum, this is the target for SCA to hold in reserves. Additionally, should the existing sources of core funding be lost and to allow alternative sources of funding to be identified, the trustees have agreed that 12 months of unrestricted charitable expenditure will be required. As such this is the long term policy aspiration for the reserves position of SCA.

Investment policy and performance

Most of the charity's funds are to be spent in the short term and funds are therefore held in a current account, ensuring immediate access. The Trustees will consider alternative investment vehicles for funds should the need arise.

Risk management

The Executive Group consider all risks attached to activities of the Alliance and reports any concerns to the full Alliance at its quarterly meetings.

The principal risks faced by the charity are operational risks from loss of funding and loss of key personnel.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Key challenges going forward

Resources. The founding principle of SCA when it was first established in 2011 was that it should be light touch and wary not to displace the work of any of its member networks. As a result, the main focus has been to build relationships and levels of trust between networks and only when deemed appropriate deliver any direct services eg the Community Learning Exchange. To this end SCA has evolved as it has with one member of staff. It is however now widely recognised that this model is neither sustainable in the medium to long term nor effective in being able to capitalise on the social capital that has been generated over the past decade. Consequently it has now been identified as a priority to attract sufficient funding to enable a minimum of one further member of staff to be recruited.

Capacity building and making the system work better. In response to the national Covid recovery plans, SCA worked with others in the sector and in the Scottish Government to review and make recommendations as to how the community sector could best make its contribution. A paper - Making The System Work Better - was published which calls for a reallocation of existing resources and some new investment strategically placed to improve overall functioning of the ecosystem that supports community action.

Structure, governance and management

The Scottish Community Alliance is a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation (SCIO) number SC042430 governed by its Constitution. It is a registered charity with the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR).

Reference and Administrative Information:

Charity registration number: SC042430 Registered Office: Out of the Blue Drill Hall, 36 Dalmeny Street, Edinburgh, EH6 8RG

Our advisors:

Independent Examiner: Fiona E Haro, B Com (Hons), CA Thomson Cooper Accountants, 22 Stafford Street, Edinburgh, EH3 7BD Bankers: The Co-operative Bank, PO Box 101, 1 Balloon Street, Manchester, M60 4EP

Charitable trustees during the financial year 2022/23

Kim Wallace - Senscot Clare Symonds - Planning Democracy Fabio Vilani - (externally co-opted) - Moray TSI Catherine McWilliam - (externally co-opted) - DTAS/IoD Philip Revell (Treasurer) SCCAN David Francis - TRACS, Convenor from October 2021) Rona Mackay (CES)

Key management personnel of Scottish Community Alliance: Angus Hardie, Director

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Appointment of Trustees

An Executive Group is elected by and from the membership of the Alliance. Members of the Executive Group are the trustees of the charity. The Convener of the Alliance can be an existing member of the Alliance or be an individual recognised for their broader contribution to the community sector and nominated and agreed by the Alliance members. The Convener is also a trustee of the charity.

Recruitment and Training of Trustees

New trustees may at any point be recommended and appointed by the existing trustees. The Constitution provides for a minimum of three trustees, to a maximum of ten trustees. At each AGM the trustees will retire from office but then be deemed re-elected unless otherwise stated.

Upon appointment the Trustees are invited to an induction meeting where they are made aware of their duties and responsibilities in performing the role of a Trustee and instructed on the requirement and rules of governing constitution.

Membership of the Alliance

Membership is open to any national membership based network which supports the key principles that inform the work of the Alliance: Subsidiarity; Self Determination; Local by Default; Equality and Fairness. It will be for each member network to nominate an individual person to be their representative at meetings of the Alliance.

Organisational structure

The Executive Group hold final corporate accountability for the organisation and are guided by a code of governance. The Executive appoint a Director to oversee the day to day operations ensuring the organisation's strategies and objectives are fulfilled.

Key management personnel remuneration

The trustees consider the board of trustees and the Director as comprising the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling the charity and running and operating the charity on a day to day basis.

Related parties

No trustees receive remuneration or other benefit for their work with the charity.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in Scotland requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;

- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and

- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charity and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Philip Revell

P Revell Treasurer Dated: 21 November 2023

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF SCOTTISH COMMUNITY ALLIANCE SCIO

I report on the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2023, which are set out on pages 8 to 18.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and examiner

The charity's trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the terms of the Charities and Trustee Investments (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended). The charity's trustees consider that the audit requirement of Regulation 10(1)(a) to (c) of the 2006 Accounts Regulations does not apply. It is my responsibility to examine the financial statements as required under section 44(1)(c) of the Act and to state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

Basis of independent examiner's statement

My examination is carried out in accordance with Regulation 11 of the 2006 Accounts Regulations. An examination includes a review of the accounting records kept by the charity and a comparison of the financial statements presented with those records. It also includes consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the financial statements, and seeks explanations from the trustees concerning any such matters. The procedures undertaken do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit and consequently I do not express an audit opinion on the view given by the financial statements.

Independent examiner's statement

In connection with my examination, no other matter except that referred to in the previous paragraph has come to my attention:

(a) which gives me reasonable cause to believe that in any material respect the requirements:

- (i) to keep accounting records in accordance with section 44(1) (a) of the 2005 Act and Regulation 4 of the 2006 Accounts Regulations; and
- to prepare financial statements which accord with the accounting records and comply with Regulation 8 of the 2006 Accounts Regulations;

have not been met or

(b) to which, in my opinion, attention should be drawn in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

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Fiona Haro CA Thomson Cooper Accountants 3 Castle Court Carnegie Campus Dunfermline Fife KY11 8PB

Dated: 21 November 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Current financial year

-	U	nrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Total
		2023	2023	2023	2022
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Income from:					
Charitable activities	2	130,000	141,700	271,700	231,700
Investments	3	907	-	907	-
Total income		130,907	141,700	272,607	231,700
Expenditure on:	4				
Charitable activities	5	94,878	130,136	225,014	187,237
Total charitable expenditure		94,878	130,136	225,014	187,237
Net income for the year/ Net movement in funds		36,029	11,564	47,593	44 462
Net movement in runds		30,029	11,504	47,595	44,463
Fund balances at 1 April 2022		108,865	81,057	189,922	145,459
Fund balances at 31 March 2023		144,894	92,621	237,515	189,922

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Prior financial year				
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
		funds 2022	funds 2022	2022
	Notes	2022 £	2022 £	2022 £
Income from:		~	~	~
Charitable activities		100,000	131,700	231,700
Total income		100,000	131,700	231,700
Expenditure on:	4			
Charitable activities	5	96,307	90,930	187,237
Total charitable expenditure		96,307	90,930	187,237
Net income for the year/				
Net movement in funds		3,693	40,770	44,463
Fund balances at 1 April 2021		105,172	40,287	145,459
Fund balances at 31 March 2022		108,865	81,057	189,922

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	10		1,501		1,799
Cash at bank and in hand		27	4,569		189,616
		27	6,070		191,415
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	3	8,555		1,493
Net current assets		23	7,515		189,922
Total assets less current liabilities		23 ==	7,515		189,922
Income funds					
Restricted funds	13	9	2,621		81,057
Unrestricted funds		14	4,894		108,865
		23	7,515		189,922
		=			

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 21 November 2023

Philip Revell

P Revell **Trustee**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Scottish Community Alliance is a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation. The office is located at Out of the Blue Drill Hall, 36 Dalmeny Street, Edinburgh, EH6 8RG.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's constitution, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities applying FRS 102 Update Bulletin 1 not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

1.2 Going concern

The Trustees have assessed the going concern and having reviewed budgets and cashflow they are satisfied that the charity has sufficient cash reserves. Thus the Trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are funds that can be used in accordance with the objectives of the charity at the discretion of the trustees.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds set aside by the trustees for specific future purposes or projects.

Restricted funds are funds that can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objectives of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

1.4 Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when the charity is entitled to, and virtually certain to receive, the income and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy. The following policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- Voluntary income is received by way of grants and donations and is included in full in the Statement
 of Financial Activities when receivable. Grants, where entitlement is not conditional on the delivery of
 a specific performance by the charity, are recognised when the charity becomes unconditionally
 entitled to the grant.
- Incoming resources from grants, where related to performance and specific deliverables, are accounted for as the charity earns the right to consideration by its performance. Income is deferred when performance related grants are received in advance of the performances or event to which they relate.
- Incoming resources from charitable activities is accounted for when earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure and Irrecoverable VAT

Expenditure is recognised on an accrual basis as a liability is incurred. The charity is not registered for VAT and accordingly irrecoverable VAT is charged against the category of resources expended to which it relates.

- Costs of generating funds are those costs incurred in attracting voluntary income and the costs incurred in trading activities that raise funds.
- Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services to its beneficiaries. It includes both the direct costs and indirect costs necessary to support these activities.
- Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the charitable charity and include the audit fees and costs linked to its strategic management.
- Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly; others are apportioned on an appropriate basis e.g. estimated usage, staff costs by time spent.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Allocation of support and governance costs

Support costs are those functions that assist the work of the charity but do not directly undertake charitable activities. Support costs include back office costs, finance, and governance costs which support the charity. The bases on which support costs have been allocated are set out in note 7.

1.9 Pension

The charity does operate a pension scheme, and no contracting out certificate under the Social Security Pensions Act 1975 is in force.

The pension charge in these accounts is the amount of contributions payable in the accounting year.

2 Incoming resources from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Total
	2023	2023	2023	2022
	£	£	£	£
Grants receivable for core activities				
Scottish Government: Core Funding	100,000	-	100,000	100,000
Scottish Government:				
Community Learning		^^		
Exchange	-	75,000	75,000	75,000
Scottish Government: Pockets & Prospects	-	66,700	66,700	56,700
Acorns to Trees	30,000	-	30,000	-
	130,000	141,700	271,700	231,700

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

3 Investments

	Fotal 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Interest receivable	907	-

4 Government grants

Income from government grants consists of core funding made from the Scottish Government to aid support costs and performance related grants. See note 2 for more information for the source and amount of these grants.

5 Charitable activities

	Project 2023 £	Core 2023 £	Total 2023 £	Project 2022 £	Core 2022 £	Total 2022 £
Staff costs	-	62,835	62,835	-	44,351	44,351
Travel & Subsistence	-	1,257	1,257	-	768	768
Events costs	-	261	261	-	1,695	1,695
PR/Website costs	-	1,933	1,933	-	769	769
Briefing production costs Subscriptions &	-	-	-	-	1,218	1,218
Conference Fees Administrator / Coordinator	-	1,118	1,118	-	1,712	1,712
Fees Consultancy and IT	-	14,114	14,114	-	13,788	13,788
Support	-	1,611	1,611	-	1,190	1,190
Pockets & Prospects Community Learning	64,316	-	64,316	52,912	-	52,912
Exchange	65,820	-	65,820	38,018	-	38,018
Members policy fund	-				12,000	12,000
	130,136	83,129	213,265	90,930	77,491	168,421
Share of support costs (see note 6)	_	10,262	10,262	_	17,746	17,746
Share of governance costs		10,202	10,202		17,710	11,110
(see note 6)		1,487	1,487		1,070	1,070
	130,136	94,878	225,014	90,930	96,307	187,237
Analysis by fund						
Unrestricted funds	_	94,878	94,878	-	96,307	96,307
Restricted funds	130,136	-	130,136	90,930	-	90,930
	130,136	94,878	225,014	90,930	96,307	187,237

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

6 Support costs

	Support (costs	Governance costs	2023	Basis of allocation
	£	£	£	
General office Costs	10,262	-	10,262	Direct allocation
Audit fees	-	1,200	1,200	Governance
Board Meeting Costs	-	287	287	Governance
	10,262	1,487	11,749	

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Support(costs	Support Governance costs costs		Basis of allocation
	£	£	£	
Staff costs	11,088	-	11,088	Direct allocation
General office Costs	6,658	-	6,658	Direct allocation
Audit fees	-	1,070	1,070	Governance
	17,746	1,070	18,816	

The charity initially identifies the costs of its support functions. It then identifies those costs which relate to the governance function. Having identified its governance costs, the remaining support costs are apportioned between the key charitable activities undertaken (see note 5) in the year. Refer to the table above for the basis of apportionment and the analysis of support and governance costs.

7 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

8 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Director	2	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

8	Employees	("	Continued)
	Employment costs	2023 £	2022 £
	Wages and salaries	39,589	49,817
	Social security costs	15,231	1,168
	Other pension costs	8,015	4,454
		62,835	55,439

Pension costs for the year of \pounds 5,567 (2022: \pounds 5,567) were made to employees defined pension plans during the year and are allocated to activities in proportion to the related staffing costs incurred and are wholly charged to unrestricted funds

The key management personnel comprise of the Director. The total employment costs for the key personnel was \pounds 55,691 (2022: \pounds 55,439), there were no additional benefits of the key management personnel of the charity.

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

9 Taxation

The charity is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or section 252 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objects.

10 Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:	2023 £	2022 £
Other debtors	1,000	1,000
Prepayments	501	799
	1,501	1,799

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Other taxation and social security	2,599	-
Trade creditors	2,299	-
Other creditors	29,284	-
Accruals and deferred income	4,373	1,493
		1,493

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

12 Funds held as agent

On occasion, the charity administers grants from funders on behalf of other groups or organisations. The charity has no control over the funds being distributed and, accordingly, the income and expenditure does not form part of the charity's own statement of financial activities.

The movement in such funds during the year to 31 March 2022 was as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Grants brought forward	(200)	15,876
Grants received	200	-
Grants disbursed	-	16,076
Grants awaiting disbursement	-	(200)

13 Restricted funds

The income funds of the charity include restricted funds comprising the following unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust for specific purposes:

	Movement in funds				
	Balance at 1 April 2022	Incoming Resources resources expended 3		Balance at 31 March 2023	
	£	£	£	£	
Scottish Government: Pockets & Prospects	13,796	66,700	(64,316)	16,180	
Scottish Government: Community Learning Exchange	67,261	75,000	(65,820)	76,441	
	-			-	
	04.057	444 700	(400,400)	00.004	
	81,057	141,700	(130,136)	92,621	

	Movement in funds				
	Balance at 1 April 2021	Incoming Resources resources expended 31		Balance at 1 March 2022	
	£	£	£	£	
Scottish Government: Pockets & Prospects	10,008	56,700	(52,912)	13,796	
Scottish Government: Community Learning Exchange	30,279	75,000	(38,018)	67,261	
	40,287	131,700	(90,930)	81,057	

Name of Fund	Description, nature and purpose of fund
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Pockets and ProspectsTo mitigate the impacts of welfare reform and build local resilience.Community Learning ExchangeTo facilitate community-to-community learning exchange and
one to one mentoring opportunities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

14 Unrestricted Fund

This fund is allocated as free reserves for no specific purpose and is spent at the discretion of the trustees in order to further the charity's purposes

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Movement in funds			
	Balance at 1 April 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 March 2023 £
General	108,865	130,907	(94,878)	144,894

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Movement in funds				
	Balance at 1 April 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 March 2022 £	
General	105,172	100,000	(96,307)	108,865	

15 Analysis of net assets between funds

-	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Fund balances at 31 March 2023 are represented by:						
Current assets/(liabilities)	144,894	92,621	237,515	108,865	81,057	189,922
	144,894	92,621	237,515	108,865	81,057	189,922

16 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2022 - none).